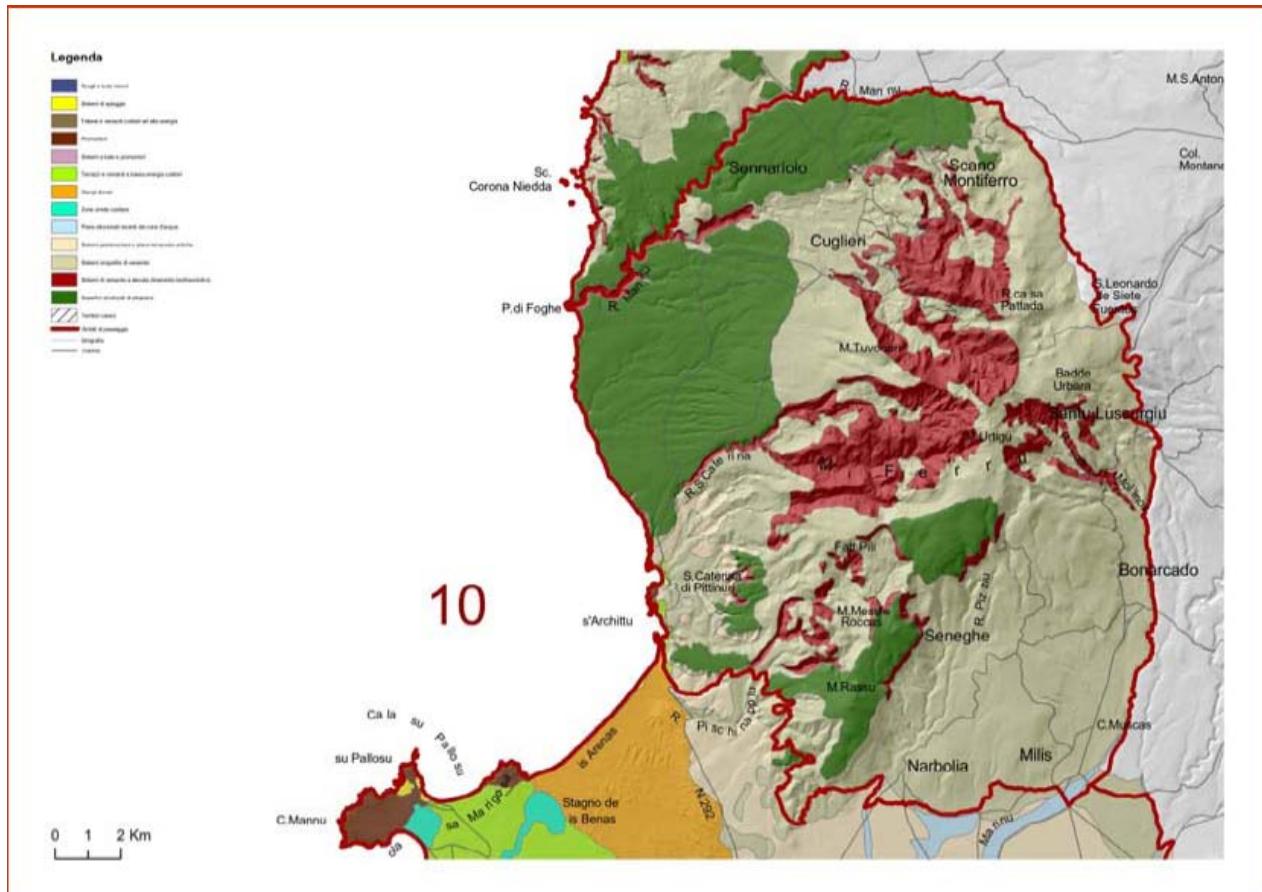


S'ARCHITTU

LANDSCAPE AREA N. 10 MONTI FERRU

The following paragraphs excerpted from the Landscape Area Guidelines and from the RLP regulations have been selected on the basis of their pertinence to the competition sites.

EXCERPTS FROM THE AREA GUIDELINES



DESCRIPTION

The area, strongly characterized from an historical and environmental point of view, owes its identity to the Montiferru massif, southwestern terminus of the mountain ridge that beginning with Montiferru to southwest opens to Monte Nieddu to the northeast, cutting northern Sardinia. The urban structure is constituted by the centers of Cuglieri, Scano Montiferro, Sennariolo and Santu Lussurgiu, Seneghe and Bonarcado, with the coastal locations of Saint Caterina di Pittinurri and S' Archittu. The main urban directrix develops itself oalong the foothills in an arc from the south-west to the northeast, passing through Bonarcado and Santu Lussurgiu. On the northern slopes of the massif, at a slightly higher level are three urban centers - Scano Montiferro, Sennariolo, Cuglieri along the Riu Mannu valley . The Montiferru coasts of the are marked by almost continuous cliffs from Punta di Foghe to Punta s'Archittu. The continuity of the high coast is very rarely interrupted by small rocky cove beaches, terraces formed by coastal erosion navy and small coastal plains.

ELEMENTS

Environment

The complex coastal system of the Santa Caterina di Pittinurri and s'Archittu bays is one of the singular environmental elements of the area's landscape system defined by irregular cliffs and reefs sculpted from white tertiary sandstone and limestone

Urban

The urban organization of the area is characterized by:

- the urban system of Cuglieri, Scano Montiferro, Sennariolo, Santu Lussurgiu, Seneghe and Bonarcado;
- coastal villages of Santa Caterina di Pittinurri, S'Archittu and Torre del Pozzo;
- residential tourist area of San Leonardo di Siete Fuentes;
- environmental directrix of Riu Sos Molinos with its historic mills;
- agricultural settlements in the floodplains of Riu S'abba Lughida and Rio Pischinappi;
- scatterei rural settlements in Montiferru.

CRITICAL ELEMENTS

One of the critical elements is the instability of the coastal cliffs near Santa Caterina di Pittinurri and s'Archittu caused by erosion and the geological and structural compositions of the rock formations.

INDIRIZZI

The project for the areas is based on the relationship between Cornus, ancient and medieval coastal garrison, and the inland Montiferru region as a guideline to orient the dynamics between urban and historic systems, between geological and orographic systems, between vegetation coverage and agropastoral activities.

The guidelines call for the preservation of the rural and natural landscape of the Montiferru, regenerating historic settlements and local agropastoral activities, to guarantee the environmental protection that is emblematic of regional material culture. One of the actions is to regenerate the coastal villages of Saint Caterina di Pittinurri, S'Archittu and Torre del Pozzo, in consideration of their connections to the ancient settlement of Cornus, strengthening at the same time the relations with the mountain system Cuglieri, Scano Montiferro and Sennariolo

EXCERPTS FROM THE RLP REGULATIONS